

LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

Required Forms (forms attached)

- **Attachment A** – Applicant Profile
- **Attachment B** – Statement of Certification
- **Attachment C** – Non-Disclosure Agreement
- **Attachment D** – Budget Narrative
- **Attachment E** – Itemized Budget
- **Attachment F** – List of Partners and Affiliations
- **Attachment G** – List of Other Funding Sources
- **Attachment H** – Staffing Plan

Note

All documents and templates must be clearly labeled according to the list on this page. Attachment letter must be visible on **top right**.

Eligibility Documentation (forms attached)

- **Attachment I** – IRS Form W-9 must be signed and dated
- **Attachment J** – Basic Business License Clean Hands Form – “Clean Hands Self Certification” from the Department of Consumer & Regulatory Affairs (DCRA)

Required Supporting Documentation (no templates; Applicant must provide copy of documents)

- **Attachment K** – Certificate of Clean Hands (formerly Certificate of Good Standing) obtained from the Office of the Chief Financial Officer, Office of Tax and Revenue (OTR) request to obtain Certificate of Clean Hands online at: <http://dcforms.dc.gov/webform/certificate-clean-hands-formerly-certificate-good-standing>
- **Attachment L** – Applicant’s Current Organizational Chart
- **Attachment M** – Packet for each staff person working on SYEP grant that includes:
 - Resume; brief biography; and description of staff person’s role in project.
- **Attachment N** – Proof of Occupancy must be at least one of the items listed below:
 - Certificate of Occupancy or Home Occupation Permit (HOP) issued by Department of Consumer & Regulatory Affairs (DCRA). If conducting an in-home program, the Applicant must provide the HOP;
 - Signed approval letter and building use agreement from the DC Public Schools Office of Out-of-School Time;
 - Signed approval letter and permit from the DC Department of Parks and Recreation; or
 - Building lease or rental agreement.

Eligibility Documentation (no template; Applicant must provide copy of documents)

- **Attachment O** – Valid and current license conferred by DCRA or applicable regulatory body to conduct business in the District (e.g., Basic Business License or Charitable Solicitation License)
- **Attachment P** – Documentation proving IRS tax status (e.g., 501(c)(3) letter)
- **Attachment Q** – Audit: The Applicant shall provide a copy of the organization’s most recent and complete set of audited financial statements available. If audited financial statements have never been prepared due to the size or age of an organization, the Applicant must provide, at a minimum, a current and previous year budget, an income statement or Profit and Loss Statement, and a Balance Sheet certified by an authorized representative of the organization, and any letters, filings, etc. submitted to the IRS within the three (3) years before the date of the grant application.

Attachment A

APPLICANT PROFILE

Applicant Organization Name: _____

Federal Employer Identification Number (Organization Tax ID Number): _____

Total Amount of Funds Requested: _____

Number of Youth Participants to be Served: _____

Contact Person for Administrative Matters: _____

Title of Contact Person: _____

Telephone of Contact Person: _____

Email of Contact Person: _____

Proposed Site Address: _____

Proposed Site SDA: 1 2 (please circle one)

Proposed Site Location Ward: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 (please circle one)

Growth Industry Sector: _____

Third Project-Based Learning Component: _____

Applicant's Authorized Representative	
Authorized Rep Name:	
Title of Authorized Rep:	
Email:	
Telephone:	

Signature of Authorized Representative

Date

Attachment B

STATEMENT OF CERTIFICATION

The Applicant is required to disclose, in a written statement, the truth of which is sworn or attested to by the Applicant, whether the Applicant, or where applicable, any of its officers, partners, principals, members, associates or key employees, within the last three (3) years prior to the date of the application, has:

- Been indicted or had charges brought against them (if still pending) and/or been convicted of
 - (a) any crime or offense arising directly or indirectly from the conduct of the Applicant or the Applicant's organization, or
 - (b) any crime or offense involving financial misconduct or fraud, or
 - (c) any crime or offense involving a minor
- Been the subject of legal proceeding arising directly from the provision of services by the organization
- Been listed on the Child Protection Register (CPR) as a "substantiated" case

If the response is in the affirmative, the Applicant shall fully describe any such indictments, charges, convictions, or legal proceedings (and the status and disposition thereof) and surrounding circumstances in writing and provide documentation of the circumstances.

The Applicant hereby assures and certifies compliance with all federal statutes, regulations, policies, guidelines, and requirements, including OMB Circulars No. A-21, A-87, A-102, A-110, A-122, A-128, A-133; E.O. 12372 and Uniform Administrative Requirements for Grants and Cooperative Agreements - 28 CFR, Part 66, Common Rule, that govern the application, acceptance, and use of federal funds for this federally-assisted program.

We hereby attest the following:

1. We are able to maintain adequate files and records and can and will meet all grant reporting requirements.
2. Our fiscal records are kept in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and account for all funds, tangible assets, revenue, and expenditures whatsoever; that all fiscal records are accurate, complete, and current at all times; and we give DOES or the District of Columbia, through any authorized representative, the right to audit and inspect all records, books, papers, or documents related to the grant.
3. We are current on payment on all federal and District taxes, including Unemployment Insurance taxes and Workers' Compensation premiums. (This statement of certification shall be accompanied by a Certificate of Good standing from the District of Columbia Office of Tax & Revenue (OTR) stating that the entity has complied with the filing requirements of District of Columbia tax laws and has paid all taxes due to the District of Columbia or is in compliance with any payment agreement with OTR).
4. We have demonstrated administrative and financial capability to provide and manage the proposed services and ensure an adequate administrative performance and audit trail.

5. We are not proposed for debarment or presently debarred, suspended, or declared ineligible, as required by Executive Order 12549, —Debarment and Suspension, and implemented by 2 CFR 180, for prospective participants in primary covered transactions and are not proposed for debarment or presently debarred as a result of any actions by the District of Columbia Contract Appeals Board, the Office of Contracting and Procurement, or any other District contract regulating agency.
6. We have the financial resources and technical expertise necessary for the completion of the program. In addition, we have the equipment and sites adequate to perform the grant or subgrant, or the ability to obtain them.
7. We have the ability to comply with the required or proposed delivery or performance schedule, taking into consideration all existing and reasonably expected commercial and governmental business commitments.
8. We have a satisfactory record performing similar activities as detailed in the award or we can establish that we have the skills and resources necessary to provide the programming described in the grant;
9. We have a satisfactory record of integrity and business ethics.
10. We have the necessary organization, experience, accounting and operational controls, and technical skills to implement the programming described in the grant, or the ability to obtain them.
11. We are in compliance with the applicable District licensing and tax laws and regulations;
12. We are in compliance with provisions of the Drug-Free Workplace Act.
13. We meet all other qualifications and eligibility criteria necessary to receive a grant award under applicable laws and regulations.
14. We agree to indemnify, defend, and hold harmless the Government of the District of Columbia and its authorized officers, employees, agents, and volunteers from any and all claims, actions, losses, damages, and/or liability arising out of this grant or subgrant from any cause whatsoever, including the acts, errors, or omissions of any person and for any costs or expenses incurred by the Government of the District of Columbia on account of any claim therefore, except where such indemnification is prohibited by law.
15. We will ensure that the sites under our organization's ownership, lease or supervision, which shall be utilized in providing the programming, are compliant with all District statutes, codes, and regulations.
16. We possess legal authority to apply for the grant; that a resolution, motion, or similar action has been duly adopted or passed as an official act of our governing body, authorizing the filing of the application, including all understandings and assurances contained therein, and directing and authorizing the person identified as the official representative of the Applicant to act in connection with the application and to provide such additional information as may be required.
17. We will comply with provisions of federal law which limit certain political activities of employees of a State or local unit of government whose principal employment is in connection with an activity financed in whole or in part by federal grants. (5 USC 1501, et. seq.).

18. We will comply with the minimum wage and maximum hours provisions of the federal Fair Labor Standards Act, if applicable.
19. We will comply with all requirements imposed by the federal-sponsoring agency concerning special requirements of law, program requirements, and other administrative requirements.
20. We will comply with the provisions of the Code of Federal Regulations Title 28, Chapter 1: Part 22 - Confidentiality of Identifiable Research and Statistical Information; Part 42 - Nondiscrimination; Equal Employment Opportunity; Policies and Procedures; Part 66 - Uniform Administrative Requirements for Grants and Cooperative.
21. We will provide an Equal Employment Opportunity Program, if required to maintain one, where the application is for \$500,000 or more.
22. We and all contractors will comply with: Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended; Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended; Subtitle A, Title III of the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) (1990); Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972; and the Age Discrimination Act of 1975.
23. In the event a federal or State court or federal or State administrative agency makes a finding of discrimination after a due process hearing on the grounds of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, or disability against a recipient of grant funds, the recipient will forward a copy of the finding to the Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice.
24. We understand that DOES may conduct pre-award, on-site visits to verify information submitted in the application and to determine if the Applicant's sites are appropriate for the programming intended.

The Grantee shall comply with all the applicable District and federal statutes and regulations as may be amended from time to time including:

- The Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. § 12101 et seq.
- Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 701 et seq.
- The Hatch Act, 7 U.S.C. § 361a et seq.
- The Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 201 et seq.
- The Clean Air Act (Subgrants over \$100,000) 42 USC § 7401 et seq.
- The Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970, 29 U.S.C. § 651 et seq.
- The Hobbs Act (Anti-Corruption), 18 U.S.C. § 1951
- Equal Pay Act of 1963, 29 U.S.C. § 206(d)
- Age Discrimination Act of 1975, Pub. L. 94-135, Nov. 28, 1975, 89 Stat. 728 (42 U.S.C. 6101 et seq.)
- Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967, 29 U.S.C. 621 et seq.
- Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, 20 U.S.C. § 1001 et seq.
- Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986, 8 U.S.C. § 1101 et seq.
- Executive Order 12459 (Debarment, Suspension and Exclusion)
- Medical Leave Act of 1993, 5 U.S.C. § 6381 et seq.

- Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995, 2 U.S.C. § 1601 et seq.
- Drug Free Workplace Act of 1988, 41 U.S.C. § 8102 et seq.)
- Assurance of Nondiscrimination and Equal Opportunity as found in 29 CFR § 34.20
- District of Columbia Human Rights Act of 1977, D.C. Official Code § 2-1401.01 et seq.
- Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. § 2000d et seq.
- District of Columbia Language Access Act of 2004, D.C. Official Code § 2-1931 et seq.
- Section 2 of the Youth Employment Act of 1979, effective January 5, 1980 (D.C. Law 3-46; D.C. Official Code §32-241)
- Section 2a of the Youth Employment Act of 1979, effective January 5, 1980 (D.C. Law 3-46; D.C. Official Code §32-242)

If there are any conflicts between the terms and conditions of the RFA and any applicable federal or local law or regulation, or any ambiguity related thereto, then the provisions of the applicable law or regulation shall control and it shall be the responsibility of the Applicant to ensure compliance.

Acknowledgement of Authorized Representative

As the duly authorized representative of the Applicant, I hereby certify that the Applicant will comply with the above Certifications, Licenses, and Assurances and that everything included in this application is true and accurate.

Typed/Printed Authorized Representative and Title

Signature of Authorized Representative

Attachment C

NON-DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT

DOES records and any information gathered therefrom are strictly confidential and shall not be divulged to unauthorized persons. The Applicant must demonstrate an ability to maintain the confidentiality of information. Specifically, the Applicant must agree to the following conditions:

- Participant records shall be kept confidential and shall not be open to public inspection nor shall their contents or existence be disclosed to the public. Participant records may not be divulged to unauthorized persons.
- No person receiving information concerning a participant shall publish or use the information for any purpose other than that for which it was received.
- Whoever willfully discloses, receives, makes use of, or knowingly permits the use of information concerning a child or other person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined not more than \$250.00 or imprisoned for not more than 90 days, or both. (D.C. Official Code § 16-2336).
- I understand that if my organization is selected as a Grantee, then each staff person and volunteer who will be working on the program must submit a signed non-disclosure agreement, after award but prior to engaging in work.

Certified By:

Applicant's Authorized Representative (Print)

Title

Applicant's Authorized Representative's Signature

Date

BUDGET NARRATIVE

The Budget Narrative must include an explanation for each of the budget line items. For each line item, include a brief explanation of how the budget amount was derived. Information should contain sufficient detail to provide the review panel with an understanding of how the requested budget amounts were determined.

Attachment E

ITEMIZED BUDGET	
Item Description	Amount
Staff Salaries (Total must be from Total on Staffing - Plan Attachment H)	\$
Fringe (include rate here: _____ %)	\$
Travel	\$
Phone	\$
Equipment	\$
Supplies	\$
Printing	\$
Other (Please Specify)	\$
Other (Please Specify)	\$
Other (Please Specify)	\$
Total Direct Costs	\$
Indirect Costs (may not exceed 15% of grant funds requested)	\$
Grand Total of Direct and Indirect Costs	\$

Attachment H

STAFFING PLAN					
Name	Position Title	Filled/Vacant	Annual Salary	% of Effort on this Grant	Amount to be paid via this Grant
			\$	%	\$
			\$	%	\$
			\$	%	\$
			\$	%	\$
			\$	%	\$
			\$	%	\$
			\$	%	\$
			\$	%	\$
			\$	%	\$
			\$	%	\$
			\$	%	\$
Total Salaries (Amount must be included in Itemized Budget - Attachment E)					\$

Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

**Give Form to the
requester. Do not
send to the IRS.**

Print or type See Specific Instructions on page 2.	Name (as shown on your income tax return)	
	Business name/disregarded entity name, if different from above	
	Check appropriate box for federal tax classification: <input type="checkbox"/> Individual/sole proprietor <input type="checkbox"/> C Corporation <input type="checkbox"/> S Corporation <input type="checkbox"/> Partnership <input type="checkbox"/> Trust/estate <input type="checkbox"/> Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (C=C corporation, S=S corporation, P=partnership) ▶ _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Other (see instructions) ▶ _____	
	<input type="checkbox"/> Exempt payee	
	Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.)	Requester's name and address (optional)
City, state, and ZIP code		
List account number(s) here (optional)		

Part I Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on the "Name" line to avoid backup withholding. For individuals, this is your social security number (SSN). However, for a resident alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the Part I instructions on page 3. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see *How to get a TIN* on page 3.

Social security number									

Note. If the account is in more than one name, see the chart on page 4 for guidelines on whose number to enter.

Employer identification number									

Part II Certification

Under penalties of perjury, I certify that:

1. The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to be issued to me), and
2. I am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding, and
3. I am a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below).

Certification instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. See the instructions on page 4.

Sign Here	Signature of U.S. person ▶	Date ▶
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General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Purpose of Form

A person who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) to report, for example, income paid to you, real estate transactions, mortgage interest you paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA.

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN to the person requesting it (the requester) and, when applicable, to:

1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income.

Note. If a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

Definition of a U.S. person. For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien,
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States,
- An estate (other than a foreign estate), or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Special rules for partnerships. Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax on any foreign partners' share of income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, a partnership is required to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid withholding on your share of partnership income.

The person who gives Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States is in the following cases:

- The U.S. owner of a disregarded entity and not the entity,
- The U.S. grantor or other owner of a grantor trust and not the trust, and
- The U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust) and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 (see Publication 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a “saving clause.” Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items:

1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
2. The treaty article addressing the income.
3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

Example. Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity not subject to backup withholding, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8.

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS a percentage of such payments. This is called “backup withholding.” Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester,
2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the Part II instructions on page 3 for details),
3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN,
4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or
5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See the instructions below and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9.

Also see *Special rules for partnerships* on page 1.

Updating Your Information

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt payee if you are no longer an exempt payee and anticipate receiving reportable payments in the future from this person. For example, you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you no longer are tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account, for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies.

Penalties

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs. If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Specific Instructions

Name

If you are an individual, you must generally enter the name shown on your income tax return. However, if you have changed your last name, for instance, due to marriage without informing the Social Security Administration of the name change, enter your first name, the last name shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

If the account is in joint names, list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of the form.

Sole proprietor. Enter your individual name as shown on your income tax return on the “Name” line. You may enter your business, trade, or “doing business as (DBA)” name on the “Business name/disregarded entity name” line.

Partnership, C Corporation, or S Corporation. Enter the entity's name on the “Name” line and any business, trade, or “doing business as (DBA) name” on the “Business name/disregarded entity name” line.

Disregarded entity. Enter the owner's name on the “Name” line. The name of the entity entered on the “Name” line should never be a disregarded entity. The name on the “Name” line must be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income will be reported. For example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a domestic owner, the domestic owner's name is required to be provided on the “Name” line. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on the “Business name/disregarded entity name” line. If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, you must complete an appropriate Form W-8.

Note. Check the appropriate box for the federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on the “Name” line (Individual/sole proprietor, Partnership, C Corporation, S Corporation, Trust/estate).

Limited Liability Company (LLC). If the person identified on the “Name” line is an LLC, check the “Limited liability company” box only and enter the appropriate code for the tax classification in the space provided. If you are an LLC that is treated as a partnership for federal tax purposes, enter “P” for partnership. If you are an LLC that has filed a Form 8832 or a Form 2553 to be taxed as a corporation, enter “C” for C corporation or “S” for S corporation. If you are an LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner under Regulation section 301.7701-3 (except for employment and excise tax), do not check the LLC box unless the owner of the LLC (required to be identified on the “Name” line) is another LLC that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. If the LLC is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner, enter the appropriate tax classification of the owner identified on the “Name” line.

Other entities. Enter your business name as shown on required federal tax documents on the "Name" line. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on the "Business name/disregarded entity name" line.

Exempt Payee

If you are exempt from backup withholding, enter your name as described above and check the appropriate box for your status, then check the "Exempt payee" box in the line following the "Business name/disregarded entity name," sign and date the form.

Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding. Corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, such as interest and dividends.

Note. If you are exempt from backup withholding, you should still complete this form to avoid possible erroneous backup withholding.

The following payees are exempt from backup withholding:

1. An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2),
 2. The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities,
 3. A state, the District of Columbia, a possession of the United States, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities,
 4. A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities, or
 5. An international organization or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.
- Other payees that may be exempt from backup withholding include:
6. A corporation,
 7. A foreign central bank of issue,
 8. A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a possession of the United States,
 9. A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission,
 10. A real estate investment trust,
 11. An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940,
 12. A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a),
 13. A financial institution,
 14. A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian, or
 15. A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947.

The following chart shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 15.

IF the payment is for . . .	THEN the payment is exempt for . . .
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 9
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 5 and 7 through 13. Also, C corporations.
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 5
Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 ¹	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 7 ²

¹ See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

² However, the following payments made to a corporation and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, gross proceeds paid to an attorney, and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN. However, the IRS prefers that you use your SSN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner (see *Limited Liability Company (LLC)* on page 2), enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). Do not enter the disregarded entity's EIN. If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

Note. See the chart on page 4 for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local Social Security Administration office or get this form online at www.ssa.gov. You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at www.irs.gov/businesses and clicking on Employer Identification Number (EIN) under Starting a Business. You can get Forms W-7 and SS-4 from the IRS by visiting IRS.gov or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676).

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

Note. Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

Caution: A disregarded domestic entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if item 1, below, and items 4 and 5 on page 4 indicate otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). In the case of a disregarded entity, the person identified on the "Name" line must sign. Exempt payees, see *Exempt Payee* on page 3.

Signature requirements. Complete the certification as indicated in items 1 through 3, below, and items 4 and 5 on page 4.

1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.

3. Real estate transactions. You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.

4. Other payments. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).

5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

What Name and Number To Give the Requester

For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
1. Individual	The individual
2. Two or more individuals (joint account)	The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account ¹
3. Custodian account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor ²
4. a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee) b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law	The grantor-trustee ¹ The actual owner ¹
5. Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual	The owner ³
6. Grantor trust filing under Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 1 (see Regulation section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(A))	The grantor*
For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
7. Disregarded entity not owned by an individual	The owner
8. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity ⁴
9. Corporation or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832 or Form 2553	The corporation
10. Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax-exempt organization	The organization
11. Partnership or multi-member LLC	The partnership
12. A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee
13. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity
14. Grantor trust filing under the Form 1041 Filing Method or the Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 2 (see Regulation section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(B))	The trust

¹ List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

² Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.

³ You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or "DBA" name on the "Business name/disregarded entity" name line. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.

⁴ List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.) Also see *Special rules for partnerships* on page 1.

*Note. Grantor also must provide a Form W-9 to trustee of trust.

Note. If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

Secure Your Tax Records from Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information such as your name, social security number (SSN), or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- Protect your SSN,
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax preparer.

If your tax records are affected by identity theft and you receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter.

If your tax records are not currently affected by identity theft but you think you are at risk due to a lost or stolen purse or wallet, questionable credit card activity or credit report, contact the IRS Identity Theft Hotline at 1-800-908-4490 or submit Form 14039.

For more information, see Publication 4535, Identity Theft Prevention and Victim Assistance.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a system problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes.

Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to phishing@irs.gov. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration at 1-800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at: spam@uce.gov or contact them at www.ftc.gov/idtheft or 1-877-IDTHEFT (1-877-438-4338).

Visit IRS.gov to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

Privacy Act Notice

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons (including federal agencies) who are required to file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, or certain other income paid to you; mortgage interest you paid; the acquisition or abandonment of secured property; the cancellation of debt; or contributions you made to an IRA, Archer MSA, or HSA. The person collecting this form uses the information on the form to file information returns with the IRS, reporting the above information. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. possessions for use in administering their laws. The information also may be disclosed to other countries under a treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce civil and criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Under section 3406, payers must generally withhold a percentage of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to the payer. Certain penalties may also apply for providing false or fraudulent information.



Basic Business License Clean Hands Form

LICENSE DIVISION

CLEAN HANDS SELF CERTIFICATION

TO THE APPLICANT: Please read this form carefully and completely before signing. The District government shall not issue or reissue any license or permit if the applicant owes it more than \$100 in outstanding debt. You must complete and submit this certification form with any application for a license or permit or renewal by the Clean Hands Before Receiving a License or Permit Act of 1996, effective May 11, 1996 (DC Law 11-118, DC Code Sec. 47-2861 et seq.) as amended, effective October 21, 2000 (DC Law 13-183, sec. 2(b), DC Code sec. 47-2861 et. seq.).

I, _____, as _____, certify that _____
(name) (owner/partner/corporate officer) (business name)

trading as _____ at _____, using business tax number _____,
(trade name) (business address) (FEIN/SSN)

as of this date, does not owe more than one hundred dollars (\$100) in outstanding debt to the District of Columbia government as a result of:

- (1) Fines, penalties or interest assessed pursuant to the Litter Control Administration Act of 1985, effective March 25, 1986 (DC Law 6-100; DC Code Sec. 8-801 (et. seq.) (2001 ed.); or
- (2) Fines, penalties or interest assessed pursuant to the Illegal Dumping Enforcement Act of 1994, effective May 20, 1994 (DC Law 10-117; DC Code Sec. 8-901 (et. seq.) (2001 ed.); or
- (3) Fines, penalties or interest assessed pursuant to the Department of Consumer and Regulatory Affairs (DCRA) Civil Infraction Act of 1985, effective October 5, 1985 (DC Law 6-42; DC Code Sec. 2-1801.01 (et. seq.) (2001 ed.); or
- (4) Past Due Taxes owed to the Office of Tax and Revenue pursuant to Title 47 of the DC Code; or
- (5) Past due District of Columbia Water and Sewer Authority service fees pursuant to Title 34 Chapter 22 and 24 of the DC Code (2001 ed.); or
- (6) Fines, penalties or interest assessed pursuant to Traffic Adjudication Act, Title 50 Chapter 23 of the DC Code (2001 ed.)

I understand that a signed and dated Clean Hands Self Certification Form is required as documentation to accompany my application for a business license, license endorsements, and permits. I understand completing and submitting this form does not guarantee that my license or permit will be approved.

I understand that DCRA may conduct an investigation to ascertain the veracity of the information contained in this *Clean Hands Self Certification Form*.

I understand that if I knowingly provide false information on this Clean Hands Self Certification Form, DCRA will proceed immediately to revoke each license or permit for which I am applying and fine me one thousand dollars (\$1,000).

Signature and Title

FEIN/SSN

Date

For help with this form, please call (202) 442-4400.