Labor Market and other Economic Trends

A Snapshot

February 2008
Data for December 2007

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D.C. DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYMENT SERVICES

In cooperation with the
Workforce Investment Council

Adrian M. Fenty, Mayor
Government of the District of Columbia

Summer Spencer, Director
Department of Employment Services

Barbara Lang, Chairperson
Workforce Investment Council
## Unemployment Rates (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Dec. 07</th>
<th>Nov. 07</th>
<th>Dec. 06a</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>U.S.A.</td>
<td>4.8</td>
<td>4.5</td>
<td>4.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washington, DC MSA</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>2.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washington, DC MD</td>
<td>3.2</td>
<td>3.1</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D.C.</td>
<td>5.8</td>
<td>5.8</td>
<td>6.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>D.C. Ward 1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
<th>5</th>
<th>6</th>
<th>7</th>
<th>8</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>2.8</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>4.7</td>
<td>7.9</td>
<td>5.7</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>15.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4.9</td>
<td>2.8</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>4.7</td>
<td>7.9</td>
<td>5.7</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>15.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5.3</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>1.6</td>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>8.4</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>16.4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Unemployment Rates (Seasonally Adjusted)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Dec. 07</th>
<th>Nov. 07</th>
<th>Dec. 06a</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>U.S.A.</td>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>4.7</td>
<td>4.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D.C.</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>5.7</td>
<td>6.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*a: Reflecting 2006 benchmark revisions

Note: Estimates for the latest year are subject to revision early the following calendar year. Ward Labor Force Statistics — based on Census 2000 household data.

## Employment Status for the D.C. Civilian Population (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Dec. 07</th>
<th>Nov. 07</th>
<th>Dec. 06a</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Civilian Labor Force</td>
<td>317,900</td>
<td>319,600</td>
<td>317,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employment</td>
<td>299,500</td>
<td>301,100</td>
<td>298,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unemployment</td>
<td>18,500</td>
<td>18,500</td>
<td>19,700</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*a: Reflecting 2006 benchmark revisions

Note: Estimates for the latest year are subject to revision early the following calendar year.

## D.C. Unemployment Insurance Benefits (Total - All Regular Programs)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Dec. 07</th>
<th>Nov. 07</th>
<th>Dec. 06</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Initial Claims</td>
<td>1,402</td>
<td>1,413</td>
<td>1,343</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Consumer Price Index, Annual Change in %

*All items. All urban consumers*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Dec 07</th>
<th>Nov.07</th>
<th>Dec.06</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Wash.-Balt. DC-MD-VA-WV</td>
<td>na</td>
<td>4.5</td>
<td>na</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S.A.</td>
<td>4.1</td>
<td>4.3</td>
<td>2.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(All items. All urban consumers. Not Seasonally Adjusted.)

(1982-84=100 for U.S. Nov.1996=100 for Wash.-Balt., DC-MD-VA-WV)

*na: not available

## D.C. Metro Division Average Hours & Earnings (of Production Workers in Manufacturing)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Dec. 07p</th>
<th>Nov. 07r</th>
<th>Dec. 06a</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Weekly Earnings</td>
<td>$686.35</td>
<td>$682.64</td>
<td>$681.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weekly Hours</td>
<td>39.4</td>
<td>39.3</td>
<td>38.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hourly Earnings</td>
<td>$17.42</td>
<td>$17.37</td>
<td>$17.60</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

&p: Preliminary  r: Revised  a: Reflecting 2006 benchmark revisions

*a: Reflecting 2006 benchmark revisions

Note: Estimates for the latest year are subject to revision early the following calendar year.
## D.C. Wage and Salary Employment by Industry

**(Not Seasonally Adjusted; In Thousands of Jobs)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Industry</th>
<th>Dec. 07</th>
<th>Nov. 07r</th>
<th>Dec. 06 a</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>707.0</td>
<td>705.3</td>
<td>696.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Private</td>
<td>472.9</td>
<td>472.1</td>
<td>464.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Goods-Producing Industries</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manufacturing</td>
<td>1.6</td>
<td>1.6</td>
<td>1.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Natural Res., Mining &amp; Construction</td>
<td>12.7</td>
<td>12.9</td>
<td>12.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service-Providing Industries</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trade, Transp. &amp; Utilities</td>
<td>29.2</td>
<td>28.5</td>
<td>29.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wholesale Trade</td>
<td>4.7</td>
<td>4.7</td>
<td>4.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retail Trade</td>
<td>19.3</td>
<td>18.7</td>
<td>19.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trans, Warehouse &amp; Utilities</td>
<td>5.2</td>
<td>5.1</td>
<td>5.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Information</td>
<td>23.1</td>
<td>23.1</td>
<td>29.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financial Activities</td>
<td>30.7</td>
<td>30.5</td>
<td>29.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professional &amp; Bus. Serv</td>
<td>161.5</td>
<td>160.8</td>
<td>156.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Educational &amp; Health Serv</td>
<td>98.1</td>
<td>98.8</td>
<td>97.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leisure &amp; Hospitality</td>
<td>54.7</td>
<td>55.1</td>
<td>53.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accommodation &amp; Food</td>
<td>48.9</td>
<td>49.3</td>
<td>48.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Services</td>
<td>61.3</td>
<td>60.8</td>
<td>60.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Government</td>
<td>234.1</td>
<td>233.2</td>
<td>232.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Federal Government</td>
<td>194.0</td>
<td>193.3</td>
<td>193.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D.C. Government</td>
<td>34.9</td>
<td>34.7</td>
<td>34.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Transportation</td>
<td>5.2</td>
<td>5.2</td>
<td>5.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(Subtotals may not equal totals due to rounding.)

p: Preliminary  a: Reflecting 2006 benchmark revisions  r: Revised

### Net Job Changes

**Dec. 2006 to Dec. 2007**

![Net Job Change Graph](image)
# Wage and Salary Employment by Industry

**Washington, D.C. Metropolitan Division**

**Wage and Salary Employment by Industry**

*(Not Seasonally Adjusted; In Thousands of Jobs)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Industry</th>
<th>Dec. 07p</th>
<th>Nov. 07r</th>
<th>Dec. 06 a</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>2,462.1</td>
<td>2,452.8</td>
<td>2,427.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Private</strong></td>
<td>1,904.7</td>
<td>1,897.5</td>
<td>1,872.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Goods-Producing Industries</strong></td>
<td>193.5</td>
<td>194.4</td>
<td>191.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manufacturing</td>
<td>43.2</td>
<td>43.2</td>
<td>43.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Natural Res., Mining &amp; Construction</td>
<td>150.3</td>
<td>151.2</td>
<td>148.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Service-Providing Industries</strong></td>
<td>2,268.6</td>
<td>2,258.4</td>
<td>2,235.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trade, Transp. &amp; Utilities</td>
<td>339.6</td>
<td>333.2</td>
<td>334.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wholesale Trade</td>
<td>54.6</td>
<td>54.8</td>
<td>54.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retail Trade</td>
<td>227.1</td>
<td>221.0</td>
<td>221.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trans, Warehouse &amp; Utilities</td>
<td>57.9</td>
<td>57.4</td>
<td>58.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Information</td>
<td>81.1</td>
<td>80.6</td>
<td>82.0</td>
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<tr>
<td>Financial Activities</td>
<td>118.4</td>
<td>118.5</td>
<td>116.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professional &amp; Bus. Serv</td>
<td>564.4</td>
<td>562.2</td>
<td>548.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Educational &amp; Health Serv</td>
<td>255.1</td>
<td>255.6</td>
<td>252.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leisure &amp; Hospitality</td>
<td>204.4</td>
<td>205.6</td>
<td>201.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accommodation &amp; Food</td>
<td>178.8</td>
<td>178.3</td>
<td>176.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Other Services</strong></td>
<td>148.2</td>
<td>147.4</td>
<td>145.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Government</td>
<td>557.4</td>
<td>555.3</td>
<td>554.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Federal Government</td>
<td>298.7</td>
<td>297.7</td>
<td>298.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Government</td>
<td>80.2</td>
<td>80.0</td>
<td>79.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Local Government</td>
<td>178.5</td>
<td>177.6</td>
<td>176.9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(Subtotals may not equal totals due to rounding. Data reflects conversion to 2002 NAICS.)

p: Preliminary  a: Reflecting 2006 benchmark revisions

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# Wage and Salary Employment by Industry

**Washington, D.C. Metropolitan Statistical Area**

**Wage and Salary Employment by Industry**

*(Not Seasonally Adjusted; In Thousands of Jobs)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Industry</th>
<th>Dec. 07p</th>
<th>Nov. 07r</th>
<th>Dec. 06 a</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>3,053.6</td>
<td>3,042.2</td>
<td>3,012.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Private</strong></td>
<td>2,400.0</td>
<td>2,390.8</td>
<td>2,362.0</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Goods-Producing Industries</strong></td>
<td>257.1</td>
<td>258.0</td>
<td>255.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manufacturing</td>
<td>63.2</td>
<td>62.9</td>
<td>63.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Natural Res., Mining &amp; Construction</td>
<td>193.9</td>
<td>195.1</td>
<td>192.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Service-Providing Industries</strong></td>
<td>2,796.5</td>
<td>2,784.2</td>
<td>2,757.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trade, Transp. &amp; Utilities</td>
<td>427.4</td>
<td>419.7</td>
<td>421.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wholesale Trade</td>
<td>70.1</td>
<td>70.3</td>
<td>69.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retail Trade</td>
<td>291.8</td>
<td>284.4</td>
<td>285.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trans, Warehouse &amp; Utilities</td>
<td>65.5</td>
<td>65.0</td>
<td>65.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Information</td>
<td>98.4</td>
<td>97.9</td>
<td>99.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financial Activities</td>
<td>163.7</td>
<td>163.7</td>
<td>161.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professional &amp; Bus. Serv</td>
<td>694.2</td>
<td>691.5</td>
<td>675.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Educational &amp; Health Serv</td>
<td>327.5</td>
<td>327.6</td>
<td>324.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leisure &amp; Hospitality</td>
<td>251.8</td>
<td>253.5</td>
<td>247.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accommodation &amp; Food</td>
<td>217.9</td>
<td>218.9</td>
<td>214.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Other Services</strong></td>
<td>179.9</td>
<td>178.9</td>
<td>176.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Government</td>
<td>653.6</td>
<td>651.4</td>
<td>650.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Federal Government</td>
<td>342.2</td>
<td>341.0</td>
<td>342.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(Subtotals may not equal totals due to rounding. Data reflects conversion to 2002 NAICS.)

p: Preliminary  r: Revised  a: Reflecting 2006 benchmark revisions
# Top 30 High Demand Occupations in D.C.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Occupation</th>
<th>Average Annual Openings</th>
<th>Mean Hourly Wage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lawyers</td>
<td>754</td>
<td>$66.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Management Analysts</td>
<td>560</td>
<td>$36.19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food</td>
<td>542</td>
<td>$9.67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General and Operations Managers</td>
<td>535</td>
<td>$56.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Waiters and Waitresses</td>
<td>519</td>
<td>$10.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Janitors and Cleaners, Except Maids and Housekeeping Cleaners</td>
<td>433</td>
<td>$11.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retail Salespersons</td>
<td>397</td>
<td>$11.54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cashiers</td>
<td>388</td>
<td>$10.22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Office Clerks, General</td>
<td>377</td>
<td>$14.94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Computer Systems Analysts</td>
<td>368</td>
<td>$36.32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Security Guards</td>
<td>360</td>
<td>$13.43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Executive Secretaries and Administrative Assistants</td>
<td>350</td>
<td>$22.32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secretaries, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive</td>
<td>308</td>
<td>$19.23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accountants and Auditors</td>
<td>298</td>
<td>$33.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paralegals and Legal Assistants</td>
<td>286</td>
<td>$26.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Registered Nurses</td>
<td>277</td>
<td>$30.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Administrative Service Managers</td>
<td>257</td>
<td>$36.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maids and Housekeeping Cleaners</td>
<td>248</td>
<td>$12.68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receptionist and Information Clerks</td>
<td>242</td>
<td>$13.68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Office and Administrative Support Workers</td>
<td>238</td>
<td>$29.59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Legal Secretaries</td>
<td>236</td>
<td>$27.55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chief Executives</td>
<td>235</td>
<td>$79.59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Customer Service Representatives</td>
<td>223</td>
<td>$16.85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Real Estate Sales Agents</td>
<td>171</td>
<td>$38.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Food Preparation Workers</td>
<td>170</td>
<td>$9.98</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Writers and Authors</td>
<td>165</td>
<td>$29.66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Counter Attendents, Cafeteria, Food Concession, and Coffee Shop</td>
<td>153</td>
<td>$10.78</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cooks, Restaurant</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>$12.65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand</td>
<td>146</td>
<td>$12.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Economists</td>
<td>143</td>
<td>$46.77</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Openings - based on the 2004-2014 Occupational Employment Projections of the Department of Employment Services (Does not include Farm, Fishing & Forestry occupations.)*

## Demographic / Economic Indicator

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>D.C.</th>
<th>U.S.A.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Population, July 1, 2007 estimate</td>
<td>588,292</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Population, percent change* (April 1, 2000 - July 1, 2007)</td>
<td>2.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Persons under 18 years old, 2006</td>
<td>19.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High School graduates, percent (Persons age 25+, 2006)</td>
<td>84.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Homeownership rate, 2006</td>
<td>45.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Median household income, 2006</td>
<td>$51,847</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Per capita income, 2006</td>
<td>$37,043</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Persons below poverty, percent 2006</td>
<td>20.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retail sales per capita, 2002</td>
<td>$5,422</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Private nonfarm employment, percent change (Average annual rate; 1996-2006)</td>
<td>1.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Person per square mile, 2000</td>
<td>9,378.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


### Top 20 Employers in the Private Sector in D.C.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>Employer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Howard University</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Georgetown University</td>
</tr>
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<td>3</td>
<td>George Washington University</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>Washington Hospital Center</td>
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<td>5</td>
<td>Children’s National Medical Center</td>
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<td>6</td>
<td>Fannie Mae</td>
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<td>7</td>
<td>Georgetown University Hospital</td>
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<td>8</td>
<td>American University</td>
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<td>9</td>
<td>Providence Hospital</td>
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<td>10</td>
<td>Howard University Hospital</td>
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<td>11</td>
<td>The Washington Post</td>
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<td>12</td>
<td>Corporate Advisory Board</td>
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<td>13</td>
<td>Catholic University of America</td>
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<td>14</td>
<td>Sibley Memorial Hospital</td>
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<td>15</td>
<td>Marriot Hotel Services</td>
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<td>16</td>
<td>George Washington University Hospital</td>
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<td>17</td>
<td>American National Red Cross</td>
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<td>18</td>
<td>Admiral Security</td>
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<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Hyatt Regency</td>
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<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Safeway Inc.</td>
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(Based on employment levels reported to the District’s Unemployment Compensation Program as of September 2006. Ranked by size of workforce.)
The number of District wage and salary jobs increased by 1,700 in December 2007. The private sector gained 800 jobs and the public sector added 900 jobs. In the private sector, trade, transportation and utilities and professional and business services gained 700 jobs each, other services added 500 jobs, and financial activities gained 200 jobs. Meanwhile, educational and health services decreased by 700 jobs, leisure and hospitality lost 400 jobs, and natural resources and construction shed 200 jobs. Manufacturing and information were unchanged over the month. In the public sector, the Federal Government gained 700 jobs; the District Government added 200 jobs; and transportation was unchanged.

In the last twelve months, the District gained a total of 10,300 jobs. The private sector added 8,900 jobs and the public sector gained 1,400 jobs. The private sector growth occurred in professional and business services (up by 5,500 jobs), leisure and hospitality and other services (up by 900 jobs each), financial activities (up by 800 jobs), educational and health services (up by 500 jobs), information (up by 300 jobs), and trade, transportation and utilities (up by 100 jobs). Manufacturing was unchanged while natural resources and construction lost 100 jobs. In the public sector, the Federal Government and the District Government gained 600 jobs each and transportation added 200 jobs.

Total wage and salary employment in the Washington Metropolitan Division increased over the month in December 2007 by 9,300. The private sector increased by 7,200 jobs and the public sector gained 2,100 jobs. Within the private sector, gains were registered in trade, transportation, and utilities (up by 6,400 jobs), professional and business services (up by 2,200 jobs), other services (up by 800 jobs), and information (up by 500 jobs). Losses were registered in leisure and hospitality (down by 1,200 jobs), natural resources, mining and construction (down by 900 jobs), educational and health services (down by 500 jobs), and financial activities (down by 100 jobs). Manufacturing was unchanged over the month. In the public sector, the federal government gained 1,000 jobs; local government added 900 jobs; and state government gained 200 jobs.

During the past twelve months, the Washington Metropolitan Division gained 34,900 jobs. The private sector added 32,300 jobs and the public sector gained 2,600 jobs. Private sector gains were registered in professional and business services (up by 15,800 jobs), trade, transportation, and utilities (up by 5,300 jobs), leisure and hospitality (up by 3,200 jobs), other services (up by 2,600 jobs), educational and health services (up by 2,300 jobs), financial activities (up by 2,000 jobs), natural resources, mining and construction (up by 1,900 jobs), and manufacturing (up by 100 jobs). A loss was registered in information (down by 900 jobs). In the public sector, local government added 1,600 jobs and state government gained 1,100 jobs while the federal government lost 100 jobs.
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